



Applicant : Taka-Aki Stao
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Figure 1A

1
Amino acid alignment of mouse (SEQ. ID NO:12) and human NADE (HGR74) (4) proteins (SEQ. ID NO:13). The dotted sequence is asparagine rich stretch. The asterisks indicate the leucine-rich nuclear export signal (NES)(5). The closed triangle indicates cysteine residue essential for dimmer formation. The prenylation sequence in C-termini is underlined.

Please amend the paragraph on page 11, line 12-19. A clean version of the amended paragraph follows:

Figure 1B

2
Comparison of leucine-rich nuclear export signal (NES) (5) in various protein. The consensus sequence for NES are shadowed. Genbank accession numbers are: cZyxin, X69190 (SEQ. ID NO:14); MAPKK, D13700 (SEQ. ID NO:15); PKI-a, L02615 (SEQ. ID NO:16); TFIIIA, M85211 (SEQ. ID NO:17); RevHIV-1, AF075719 (SEQ. ID NO:18); RanBP1, L25255 (SEQ. ID NO:19); FMRP, L29074 (SEQ. ID NO:20); Gle1, U68475 (SEQ. ID NO:21); RexHTLV-1 ((SEQ. ID NO:22); Human NADE (SEQ. ID NO:23), submitted; mouse NADE (SEQ. ID NO:24), submitted.

Please amend the paragraph on page 11, lines 21-22. A clean version of the amended paragraph follows:

Figure 1C

3
Consensus sequence of ubiquitination signal, Mouse (SEQ. ID NO:25); Human (SEQ. ID NO:26) and Consensus (SEQ. ID NO:27).

Please amend the paragraph on page 12, lines 10-13. A clean version of the amended paragraph follows:

Figure 1G-1 and 1G-2

Blast Search and comparison of mouse NADE nucleic acid sequence

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Figure 1G-1 (SEQ ID NO:28) and human protein HGR74 sequence (SEQ. ID NO:29).

Please amend the paragraph on page 12, lines 15-18. A clean version of the amended paragraph follows:

Figure 1H

Comparison of mouse NADE, human HGR74 protein and other homologous rat, mouse and human amino acid sequences. musnade3a (SEQ. ID NO:30); hunade3a1 (SEQ. ID NO:31); hunade3a2 (SEQ. ID NO:32); ratnad3a (SEQ. ID NO:33); ratnad3b (SEQ. ID NO:34); musnade3b (SEQ. ID NO:35); humnade1 (SEQ. ID NO:36); ratnade1 (SEQ. ID NO:37); musnade1 (SEQ. ID NO:38); humnade2 (SEQ. ID NO:39).

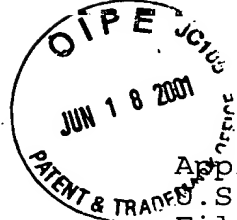
Please amend the paragraph on page 14, lines 31-35. A clean version of the amended paragraph follows:

Figure 4A

At residues 88-100, the mouse NADE NES (SEQ. ID NO:40) lies within the C-terminus. A mouse NADE (SEQ. ID NO:41) is aligned with homologous sequences of NADE family members and the NES sequences of HIV Rev (SEQ. ID. NO:42), MAPKK (SEQ. ID NO:43), cZyxin (SEQ. ID. NO:44) and PKI-a (SEQ. ID NO:45).

Please amend the paragraph on page 16, line 36 through page 17, line 22. A clean version of the amended paragraph follows:

This invention provides an isolated nucleic molecule encoding a polypeptide capable of binding a p75^{NTR} receptor. In an embodiment of the above described isolated nucleic molecule encoding a polypeptide capable of binding a p75^{NTR} receptor the isolated nucleic acid is a DNA molecule. In another embodiment of the above described isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding



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Fullen

a polypeptide capable of binding a p75^{NTR} receptor the isolated nucleic acid is a cDNA molecule. In a further embodiment of the above described isolated DNA molecule encoding a polypeptide capable of binding a p75^{NTR} receptor the isolated nucleic acid is a RNA molecule. In an embodiment of the above described isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a polypeptide capable of binding a p75^{NTR} receptor, the isolated nucleic acid is operatively linked to a promoter of RNA transcription. In yet another embodiment of the above described nucleic acid molecule, said isolated nucleic acid molecule encodes a neurotrophin associated cell death executor protein. In an embodiment of the above described nucleic acid molecule, said isolated nucleic acid molecule comprises a sequence of AATTG TCTAC GCATC CTTAT GGGGG AGCTG TCTAA C (SEQ.ID NO:1).

Please amend the paragraph on page 19, line 17 through page 20, line 11. A clean version of the amended paragraph follows:

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This invention provides a vector which comprises the isolated nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide capable of binding a p75^{NTR} receptor, operatively linked to a promoter of RNA transcription. In an embodiment of the invention, where in the vector which comprises the isolated nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide capable of binding a p75^{NTR} receptor, operatively linked to a promoter of RNA transcription is a plasmid. In another embodiment the above described isolated nucleic acid molecule which is a cDNA molecule encoding a polypeptide capable of binding a p75^{NTR} receptor, encodes a human or mouse protein. In yet another embodiment the above described isolated nucleic acid molecule is a cDNA molecule wherein the nucleic acid molecule encodes a polypeptide capable of binding a p75^{NTR} receptor comprising the amino acid sequence set forth in Figure 1A (SEQ ID NO:13). In a further embodiment the above described isolated



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nucleic acid molecule is a cDNA molecule wherein the nucleic acid molecule encodes a polypeptide capable of binding a p75^{NTR} receptor. In an embodiment of the above described isolated nucleic acid molecule which is a cDNA molecule wherein the nucleic acid molecule encodes a polypeptide capable of binding a p75^{NTR} receptor which is a mouse, rat or human protein. In yet another embodiment of the above described isolated nucleic acid molecule which is a cDNA molecule, said isolated nucleic acid molecule comprises the nucleic acid sequence set forth in Figure 1G-1 (SEQ ID NO:29).

Please amend the paragraph on page 25, lines 5-32. A clean version of the amended paragraph follows:

19
This invention provides a purified a polypeptide capable of binding a p75^{NTR} receptor. In an embodiment of the above described purified polypeptide capable of binding p75^{NTR} receptor is encoded by the isolated nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide capable of binding a p75^{NTR} receptor. In an embodiment the above described polypeptide capable of binding a p75^{NTR} receptor is a fragment of the purified polypeptide capable of binding a p75^{NTR} receptor. In another embodiment the above described purified polypeptide capable of binding a p75^{NTR} receptor has substantially the same amino acid sequence as set forth in Figure 1A (SEQ ID NO:13). In a further embodiment the above described purified polypeptide capable of binding a p75^{NTR} receptor having an amino acid sequence as set forth in Figure 1A (SEQ ID NO:13). In yet another embodiment the above described polypeptide capable of binding a p75^{NTR} receptor has an amino acid sequence as set forth in Figure 1A (SEQ ID NO:13). In a further embodiment, the above described polypeptide capable of binding a p75^{NTR} receptor is a vertebrate polypeptide capable of binding a p75^{NTR} receptor. In an embodiment of the above described polypeptide capable of



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D10
binding a p75^{NTR} receptor comprises a neurotrophin associated cell death executor protein. In yet another embodiment of the above described polypeptide capable of binding a p75^{NTR} receptor comprises NCLRILMGELSN (SEQ. ID NO:2).

Please amend the paragraph on page 26, line 1-9. A clean version of the amended paragraph follows:

10
D11
As used herein, a polypeptide capable of binding a p75^{NTR} receptor having "substantially the same" amino acid sequences as set forth in Figure 1A (SEQ ID NO:13) is encoded by a nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide capable of binding a p75^{NTR} receptor, said nucleic acid having 100% identity in the homeodomain regions, that is those regions coding the protein, and said nucleic acid may vary in the nucleotides in the non-coding regions.

Please amend the paragraph on page 26, line 29 through page 20, line 1. A clean version of the amended paragraph follows:

11
D12
This invention provides a polyclonal antibody directed to an epitope of the purified protein having the amino sequence as set forth in Figure 1A (SEQ ID NO:13). In a further embodiment the above described monoclonal or polyclonal antibodies are directed to the polypeptide capable of binding a p75^{NTR} receptor, having the amino sequence as set forth in Figure 1A (SEQ ID NO:13).

Please amend the paragraph on page 59, line 35 through page 60, line 34. A clean version of the amended paragraph follows:

DNA construction.

12
D13
A full length mouse NADE cDNA was constructed on pBluescript II vector by the ligation of the partial NADE cDNA (7-524) and 5'-RACE product. PCR cloning techniques were used to replace the

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stop codon and add the 5' *Xho*I site and 3' *Bam*HI site of a full length NADE cDNA. pcDNA3.1(-)Myc-HisA/NADE was constructed by insertion of a full length NADE cDNA to *Xho*I-*Bam*HI site of pcDNA3.1(-)Myc-HisA (Invitrogen). Human NADE cDNA was amplified using a Jurkat T cell cDNA library and cloned to pcDNA3.1(-)Myc-HisA pcDNA3/rat p75^{NTR} was constructed by insertion of a full length rat p75^{NTR} cDNA to *Eco*RI site of pcDNA3 (Invitrogen). pGEX4T-1/rat p75^{NTR}ICD was constructed by insertion of amplified rat p75^{NTR}ICD (a. a. 338-396) to pGEX4T-1 (Pharmacia). Mutant NADE expression plasmids, pcDNA3.1(-)Myc-HisA/muNADE (Cys102Ser) and pcDNA3.1(-)Myc-HisA/muNADE (Cys121Ser), were constructed by PCR-based site-direct mutagenesis methods (29). pELAM-Lu for luciferase reporter assay was constructed by insertion of NF- κ B binding site of E-selectin promoter region (-730 - 52) to pGL3-Basic *Sac*I-*Bgl*II site. Expression plasmids of GFP-fused NADE proteins were made following: The cDNA of GFP was cloned into *Nhe*I-*Xho*I-cut pcDNA3.1-mouse NADE as a PCR product amplified with the primers 5'-CTAGCTAGCATCATGGTGAGCAAGGGCGAG-3" (SEQ. ID NO:3) and 5'-CCGCTCGAGTCTTGTACAGCTCGTCCAT-3" (SEQ. ID NO:4) using pEGFP-N2 (Clontech) as a template. The deletion mutants delta 101-124-GFP and delta 91-124-GFP were constructed by inserting an *Xho*I-*Bam*HI-cut PCR fragment generated with Expand high fidelity Taq polimerase (Boehringer Mannheim) into *Xho*I-*Bam*HI-cut pcDNA3.1-GFP using the primers 5'-ATCCTCGAGCGATCATGGCCAATGTCCAC-3" (sense) (SEQ. ID NO:5), 5'-ATCGGATCCTCTCAGCTGTAGCTCCCT-3" (antisense) (SEQ. ID NO:6) and 5'-ATCGGATCCGATCTCTCATCTCCTC-3" (antisense) (SEQ. ID NO:7).

Please amend the paragraph on page 60, line 36 through page 61, line 6. A clean version of the amended paragraph follows:

The mutagenic primers

(5'-AAAGCTTAGGGAGGCACAGCTGAGAAA-3" (SEQ. ID NO:8),
5'-TTTCTCAGCTGTGCCTCCCTAAGCTTT-3" (SEQ. ID NO:9),